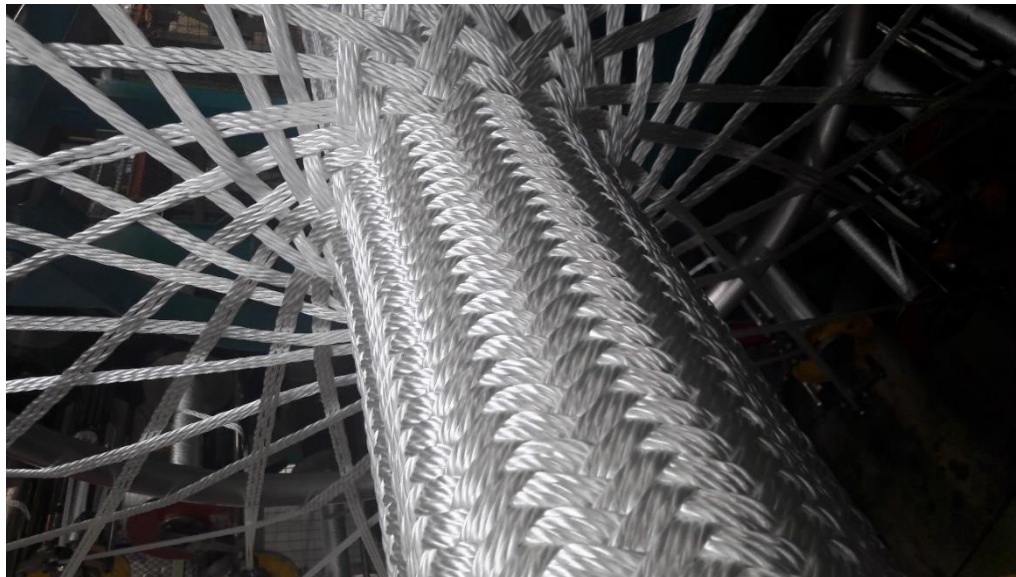


# The Role of Synthetic Ropes in Optimal Mooring Design



**Dr Sam Weller** *Tension Technology International & Mor Engineering*  
Marine-I Mooring and Anchoring Solutions Webinar

5<sup>th</sup> November 2020



# Tension Technology International Group



TTI was founded in 1986 and is headquartered in UK. It has two subsidiaries **TTI Testing Ltd (Rope & Cable Testing Laboratory)** and Scottish-based **TTI Marine Renewables Ltd (Consultancy)**

**Core Disciplines & Expertise:** Naval Architecture, Mechanical Engineering Hydrodynamics, Mooring System Design, Tank Testing, Rope & Electro-mechanical Cable Testing, Product Development (rope, anchors, mooring connectors, tensioning systems), Net manufacture, Mooring Software Development (OPTIMOOR), Marine Operations, Field Tests & Instrumentation.



Consultancy, Design and  
Engineering Services in Ropes,  
Textiles and Marine Systems

[tensiontech.com](http://tensiontech.com)





# Relevant Projects

6th Scale FOWT Demonstrator, PLOCAN, Canary Islands, 2016-2019



2MW FOWT Demonstrator (x2) Japan 2019-2022



Marine Renewable Commercialisation Fund 2014-2016



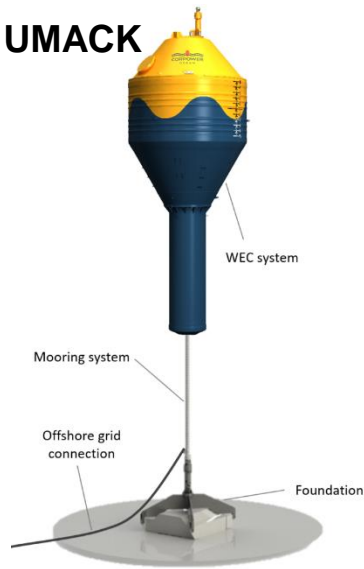
TIM (Towards an Industrialized single point Mooring system)



Marlin Star



UMACK





# Extensive Offshore Use



Development of large-scale rope manufacturing, test facilities and certification guidance occurred in the 1980s with the demand for oil and gas exploration in ultra deep waters (>2000m).

Suitable for use in catenary, semi-taut and taut mooring systems either with and without chain, wire etc.



**BRIDON · BEKAERT**  
THE ROPES GROUP



# Permanent Mooring Failures

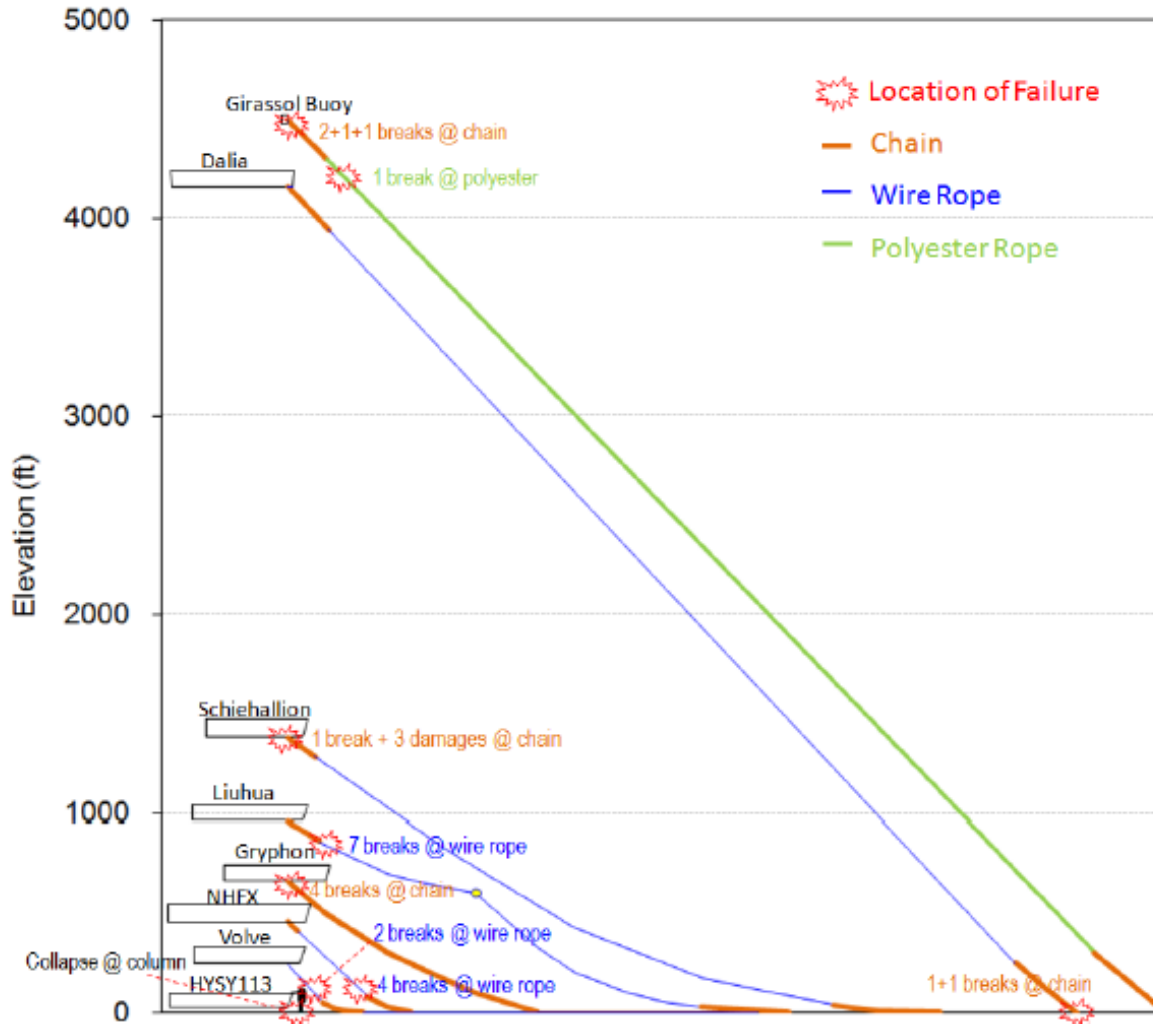


Figure 1: Examples of Break Locations along Mooring Profiles

Date	Name	Result
2002	Girassol buoy	3 (+2) of 9 lines
2006	Liuhua	7 of 10 lines parted. vessel drift, riser broken
2009	Hai Yang Shi You	Entire system collapse, vessel drift, riser broken
2009	Nan Hai Fa Xian	4 of 8 lines parted, vessel drift, riser broken
2010	Jubarte	3 lines parted (2008-2010)
2011	Gryphon Alpha	4 of 8 lines parted, vessel drift, riser broken
2011	Volve	2 of 9 lines parted
2011	Banff	5 of 10 lines parted

Typical floating platform line failure rate:  $2.5 \times 10^{-2}$  per annum  
**Drori, G. (2015)**

(image from Ma, K-t et al. (2013) OTC 24025, Houston USA)

# Steel vs. Synthetic



Material	Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	Melting /charring point (°C)	Moisture (%) <sup>(1)</sup>	Modulus (N/tex, GPa)	Tenacity (mN/tex)	Strength (MPa)	Break extension (%)	
Steel	7.85	1600	0	20, 160	330	2600	2 <sup>(4)</sup>	
Synthetic	HMPE	0.97	150	0	100, 100	3500	3400	3.5
	Aramid	1.45	500	1-7	60, 90	2000	2900	3.5
	PET	1.38	258	<1	11, 15	820	1130	12
	PP	0.91	165	0	7, 6	620	560	20
	PA6 <sup>(2)</sup>	1.14	218	5	7 <sup>(3)</sup> , 8 <sup>(3)</sup>	840 <sup>(6)</sup>	960	20

Low density

Low modulus

High strength

Compliant

**LOW COST:** Example: braid-on-braid polyester ~50% lower cost than studlink chain with the same break load (140kN).

<sup>[1]</sup> At 65% rh and 20° C.

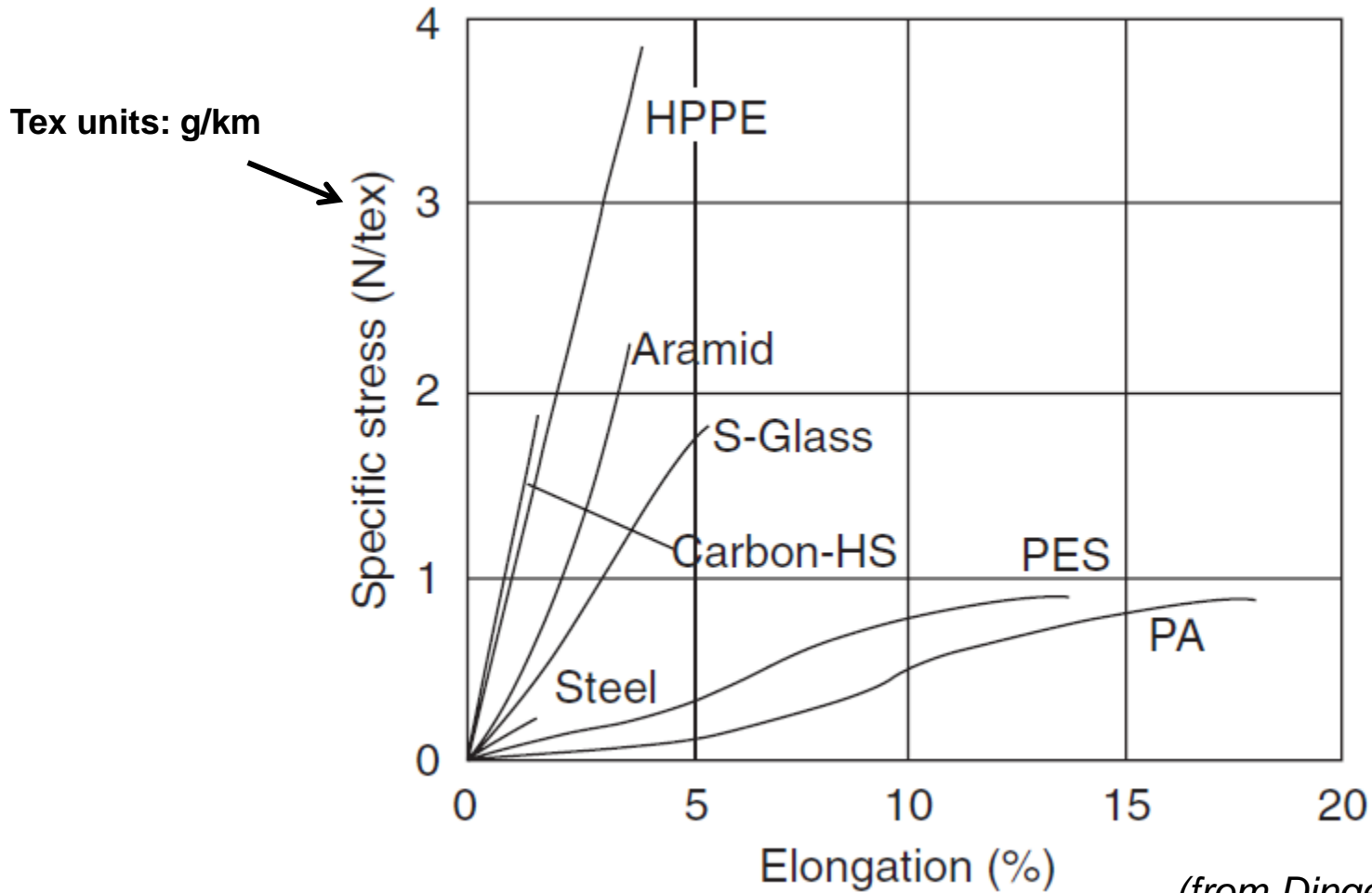
<sup>[2]</sup> PA6.6 has a higher melting point (258° C) than PA6.

<sup>[3]</sup> The modulus and strength of nylon is approximately 15% lower when wet (McKenna et al.)

<sup>[4]</sup> Yield point of steel.

*(values from McKenna et al. 2004)*

# Synthetic Fibre Properties

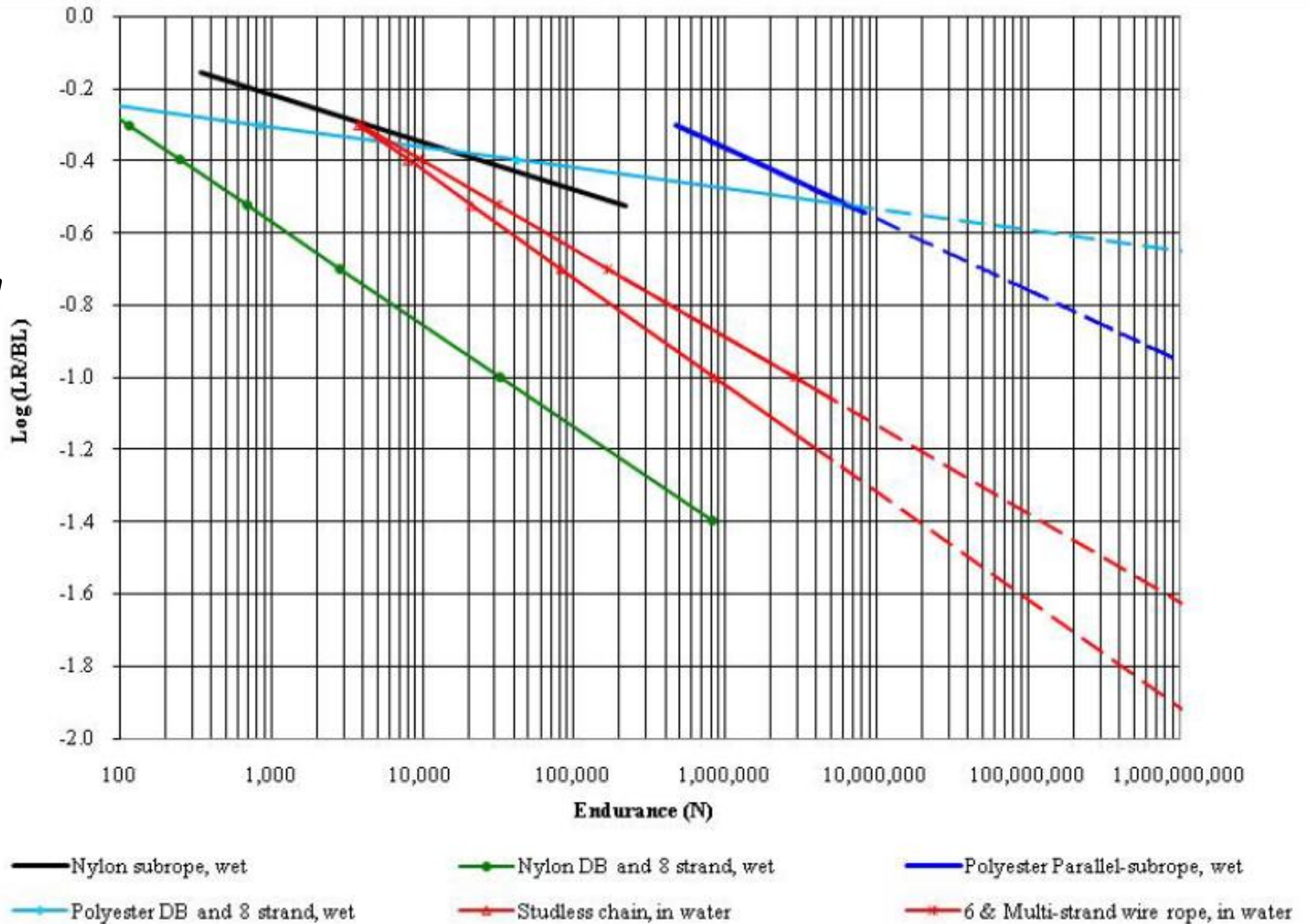


(from Dingenen, 2001)

# Fatigue Performance



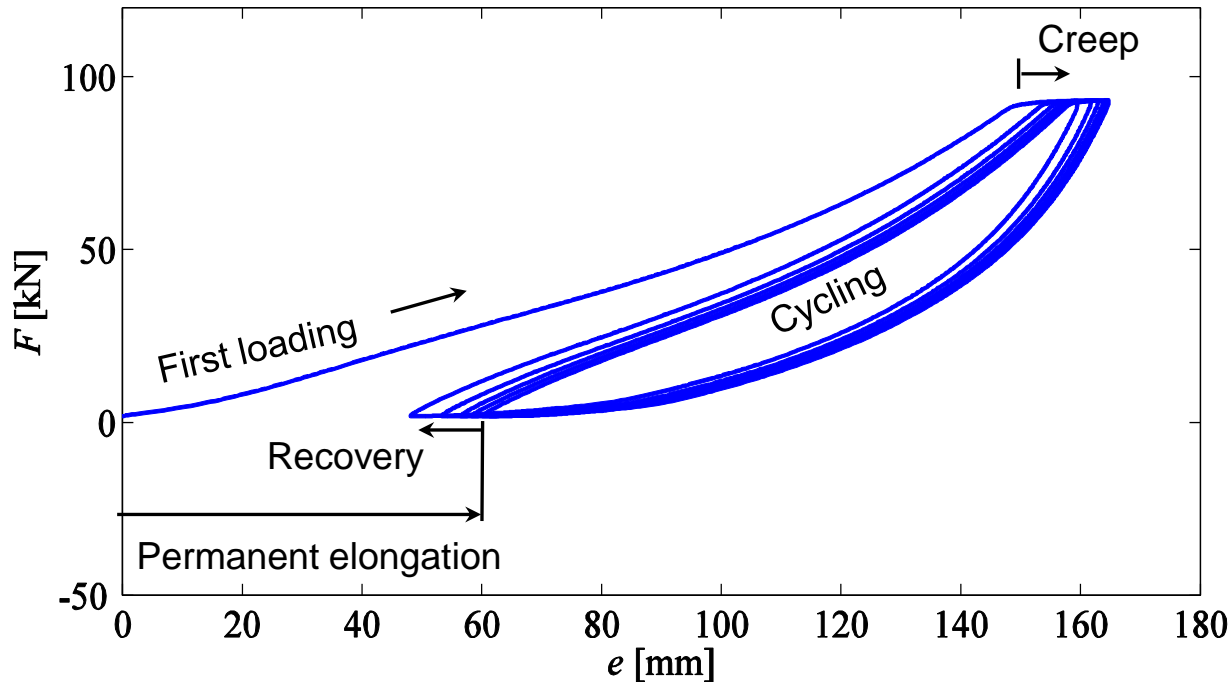
LR: Load range  
BL: Break load



(from Ridge et al. 2010)



# Behaviour



Load-extension behaviour of a new nylon mooring rope sample subjected to 10 cycles of bedding-in (*Weller et al. 2014*)

**Synthetic ropes display complex behaviour requiring specialist knowledge**

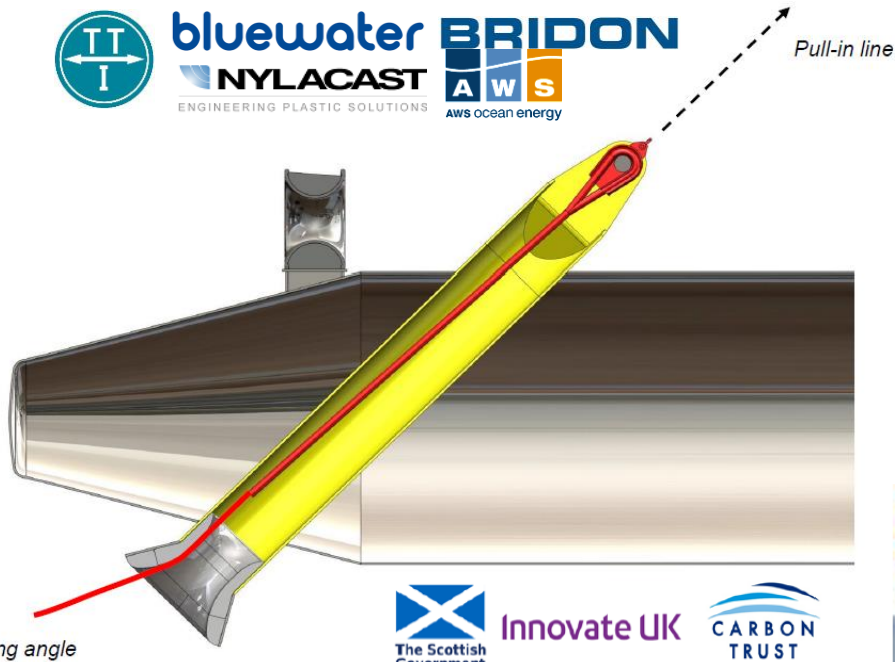
TTI consultants have been involved in the development of international mooring standards, e.g. **OCIMF, ABS, API, DNVGL** and **IEC** and also published the **Handbook of Fibre Rope Technology** (Woodhead Publishing, 2004)

# Qualification for ORE systems



**bluewater**  
**NYLACAST**  
 ENGINEERING PLASTIC SOLUTIONS

**BRIDON**  
**AWS**  
 AWS ocean energy



**Innovate UK**



**Marine Energy: Supporting Array Technologies (MESAT) 2013-2016**  
 Synthetic Fibre Rope Polymer Line  
 Fairleads



**Marine Renewables Commercialisation Fund (MRCF) 2014-2016**

Testing, Qualification & Commercialisation  
 of Synthetic Mooring System





# Landscape Study

## Cost Reduction in Supporting Infrastructure Moorings & Foundations

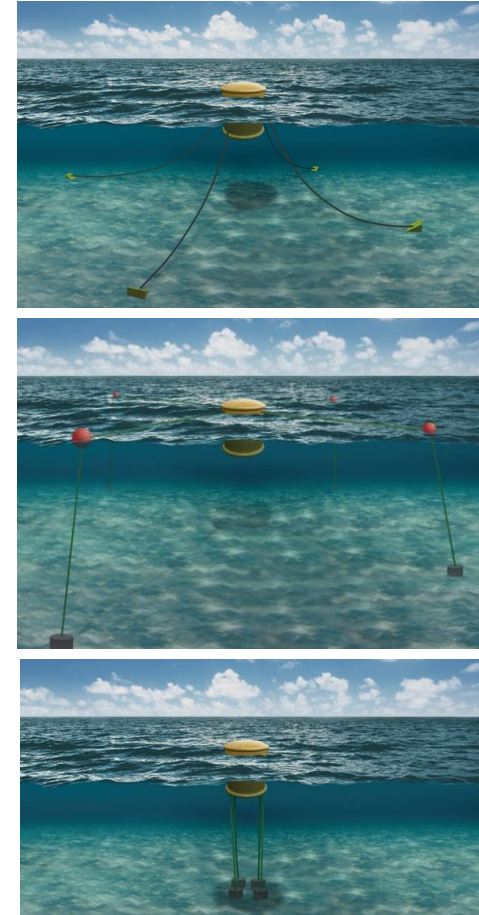
**TTI role: Project lead and author**

This landscape study commissioned by Wave Energy Scotland, demonstrates that there are clear opportunities to make an impact on the cost of energy of wave power through further development and innovation in mooring components, foundations and associated subsystems.

- **State-of-the-Art (Landscape)**
- **Voice of the Customer (VOC-Survey)**
- **Moorings & Foundations Innovation (TRIZ workshop)**
- **Mooring & Foundation Case Studies**

**Findings are relevant for WECs, TECs, FLOW, aquaculture etc.**

Full report available to download [here](#)



UNIVERSITY OF  
**EXETER**



**BLACK & VEATCH**

**wave energy**  
**SCOTLAND**



TTI Ltd., University of Exeter and Black & Veatch Ltd (2018) **Mooring and Foundation Landscaping**, [\*Wave Energy Scotland Knowledge Library\*](#)

Weller SD, Banfield SJ, Canedo J. (2018) **Parameter Estimation for Synthetic Rope Models**, Proceedings of the 37th OMAE conference

Weller SD, Johanning L, Davies P and Banfield SJ (2015) **Synthetic mooring ropes for marine renewable energy applications**, *Renewable Energy*, 83, pp. 1268–1278.

# Thanks!

**Dr Sam Weller**  
[weller@tensiontech.com](mailto:weller@tensiontech.com)

